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The sixth part of Vol. 9 concludes the presentation of the *Agaricaceae* by MURRILL,⁵ 5 genera being presented, which include 165 species, 16 of which are described as new. The largest genus is *Clitocybe*, with 88 species and including 13 of the new species. The part closes with a list of corrections and a bibliography for the volume.—J. M. C.

Jackson's glossary.—A third edition of this well known volume has appeared.⁶ The development of subjects in botany and the consequent growth in terminology has made a new edition imperative. Especially is this true in reference to the numerous "recently coined terms" in ecology. No glossary can be perfect, and it would be easy to pick flaws in this one, but it must be regarded as complete and trustworthy as such a book can be. It contains approximately 21,000 terms, so that it must be fairly representative of botanical terminology. With the increasing number of special fields of botany, even a trained botanist needs a convenient glossary on his shelves.—J. M. C.

Correspondence of Linnaeus.—Under the editorship of HULTH, the correspondence of LINNAEUS is to be published in a series of volumes, the first one of which has just appeared.⁷ The collection includes letters "from and to" LINNAEUS. The extent of the correspondence is indicated by the fact that this first volume, of over 400 pages, includes 49 correspondents listed under the first two letters of the alphabet. Most of the letters are in Latin, and give an intimate and interesting picture of the biology and biologists of the Linnaean period.—J. M. C.

NOTES FOR STUDENTS

Cecidiology.—Three interesting American papers on the histology of galls have been published recently and demonstrate the increasing interest in the study of pathogenic structures.

STEWART⁸ presents a very interesting paper on the anatomy of *Peridermium* galls. The studies were made from *Peridermium cerebrum* Pk. on *Pinus Banksiana* Lamb. Galls of various ages were used, but all of them from young branches. It appears that the infection usually takes place during the first year's growth of the shoot. The woody portion of the gall was very distinct from the normal tissue. The author summarizes his results as follows:

⁵ *Op. cit.* Agaricaceae, by W. A. MURRILL. 9:375-426. 1916.

⁶ JACKSON, BENJAMIN DAYDON, A glossary of botanic terms, with their derivation and accent. 8vo. pp. xii+428. Philadelphia: Lippincott. 1916. \$3.00.

⁷ HULTH, J. M., Bref och Skrifvelser af och till CARL VON LINNÉ. Vol. I. ADANSON-BRUNNICH. 8vo. pp. viii+429. Upsala: Akademiska Boktryckeriet. 1916.

⁸ STEWART, ALBAN, Notes on the anatomy of *Peridermium* galls. Amer. Jour. Bot. 3:12-22. 1916.